# **Risk Register Example**

## Activity or trip: Abseiling at Pryors Bluff

Last review date: January 2024

## Changes during the last year: Noted in red

Next review date: January 2025

Hazard What could cause harm?	<b>Risk</b> What harm could be caused?	Serious risk?		will manage the risk nate the risk; M = minimise the risk	Residual risk
Bees and wasps in the bush	Anaphylactic or allergic reaction	Yes	E	<ul> <li>Check medical summary for sting allergies and use another site if there is a known anaphylactic reaction to stings</li> </ul>	NA
			М	<ul> <li>Brief participants on signs of nests and moving quickly through wasp areas</li> <li>Carry adrenaline</li> </ul>	Medium
Rock fall	Injury or death from falling objects	Yes	М	Check for loose rocks near the edge	Medium
Dropped equipment		No	М	<ul> <li>Ensure that participants wear helmets</li> <li>Ensure that participants move away quickly from the drop zone</li> </ul>	Low
Harness not done up properly	Injury or death from equipment failure	Yes	М	Check harness before weighting	Low
Equipment failure		Yes	М	<ul> <li>Lay the rope protector in place</li> <li>Check equipment before use, including running the ropes through your hand</li> </ul>	Low
Loose hair	Injury from hair caught in the abseil device	No	М	Ensure that long hair is tied back	Low

Hazard What could cause harm?	<b>Risk</b> What harm could be caused?	Serious risk?	How we will manage the risk E = eliminate the risk; M = minimise the risk		
Unstable body position	Injury from losing balance	No	М	<ul> <li>Instruct participants to keep their feet wide apart</li> </ul>	Medium
Poor belay rope management		No	М	Keep the belay rope tight	Low
The abseil site is too challenging	Emotional harm	No	М	Use this site only if the participants have     abseiled before	Medium
Abseiler freezes		No	М	Ensure you offer challenge by choice	Low
Hair, cord, or clothes are caught in the device		No	м	• Ensure there are no loose hair, cords, or clothes	Low
Fooling around with sticks or stones	Injury when waiting after abseiling	Yes	М	<ul> <li>Instruct the participants to wait in a safe zone</li> <li>Ask a helper to supervise the participants at the bottom</li> </ul>	Low
Southerlies in winter	Participants get too cold	No	E	• Avoid this site in winter if there is a southerly forecast	NA
			м	Ensure participants are dressed for the conditions and carry spare clothing	Low
Participants leaving the safe zone without being belayed	Injury or death from a fall from height	Yes	М	<ul> <li>Instruct participants to sit in the safe zone</li> <li>Check regularly that they remain seated until you tie each one on</li> </ul>	Low
Abseil not being set up safely			м	Follow the activity procedures and double check	Low
Participants not being			М	• Tie on to the <b>belay loop</b> with a rethreaded figure 8 knot before the participant leaves the	Low

Hazard	Risk	Serious	How we will manage the risk		Residual
What could cause harm?	What harm could be caused?	risk?	E = eliminate the risk; M = minimise the risk		risk
attached to the ropes safely				safe zone as trained	
				Get the abseiler to talk through the checks	
Equipment failure			М	• Check each item before use, including running your hand down the ropes	Low
Taking the wrong route to access the top of the bluff			Μ	Plan the route and use a GPS	Low
Instructor slipping when setting up			Μ	Use the edge kit as trained	Low
Participants getting lost when			М	Discuss the route with the participants	Low
returning to the top				Mark any possible wrong turnings	
Casual hunters	Injury or death from a hunter misidentifying a target	Yes	E	• Don't use the site during the roar	NA

See notes below

## Notes

### Managing the risk

The <u>Safety Management System Requirements 2023</u> requires you to identify, assess, and manage the hazards and risks by eliminating or minimising the risk. A risk register is one way of meeting this requirement.

- If you have just one activity at one site, you might choose to note how you will manage the risk in a risk register, as in the example.
- If you have multiple activities or activity sites, your risk management methods will likely be detailed in your various activity plans, eg SOPs, RAMs, or AMPs. To keep the SMS succinct, and to enable updates to be made efficiently, it's better to detail them once. This could make a separate risk register unnecessary, or you could create a risk register and reference your activity plans for the management methods.

#### **Generic hazards**

As well as those hazards specific to an activity or activity site, there will be some generic hazards that you must identify, assess, and manage.

#### Definitions

Safety Management System Requirements 2023

- Harm is illness, injury, or both, and includes physical and mental harm caused by work-related stress
- A hazard is anything that does or could cause harm, and includes a situation where a person's behaviour may be an actual or potential cause or source of harm to themselves or to another person (for example, because of fatigue or drugs and alcohol)
- A serious hazard is a hazard that does or could cause a notifiable event
- **Risk** means a chance of harm
- A serious risk means a chance of a notifiable event